



Cambridge Assessment International Education
Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education (9–1)

COMPUTER SCIENCE

0984/21

Paper 1

May/June 2019

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 50

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2019 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

This document consists of **9** printed pages.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)(i)	<p>Many correct answers, the name must be meaningful. Must relate to Task 1 1 mark per bullet point</p> <p>e.g.1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Array BusA • Data type integer • Purpose storing the minutes late <p>e.g.2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Array Day • Data type string • Purpose storing the code for the day of the week 	3
1(a)(ii)	<p>Many correct answers, the name must be meaningful. Names shown are examples only. 1 mark per bullet point</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Task 2 variable name BusAMinsLate • Data type real • Purpose used in calculation of average minutes late • Task 3 variable name SearchDay • Data type string • Purpose to input the day to be searched for 	6
1(b)	<p>1 mark for each point:</p> <p>MP1 Conditional statement to identify when a bus is late (punctuality < 0)</p> <p>MP2 Count the number of late days for at least one bus route</p> <p>MP3 Total the late minutes for at least one bus route</p> <p>MP4 Calculation of average minutes late</p> <p>1 mark for each point (max three points):</p> <p>MP5 Initialisation of counting/totalling variables</p> <p>MP6 Iteration through days</p> <p>MP7 Checking all buses...</p> <p>MP8 Count late days and total minutes for all bus routes</p> <p>MP9 Output of number of late arrivals or average minutes late for at least one bus route...</p> <p>MP10 Output complete with all bus routes with late arrivals and average minutes late, with appropriate messages</p> <p>Example algorithm on next page</p>	6

Question	Answer	Marks
1(b)	<pre> Example algorithm CountA ← 0; CountB ← 0; CountC ← 0; CountD ← 0; CountE ← 0; CountF ← 0 TotalA ← 0; TotalB ← 0; TotalC ← 0; TotalD ← 0; TotalE ← 0; TotalF ← 0 FOR Days ← 0 to 19 IF BusA[Days] < 0 THEN CountA ← CountA + 1 TotalA ← TotalA + BusA[Days] ENDIF IF BusB[Days] < 0 THEN CountB ← CountB + 1 TotalB ← TotalB + BusBA[Days] ENDIF IF BusC[Days] < 0 THEN CountC ← CountC + 1 TotalC ← TotalC + BusC[Days] ENDIF IF BusD[Days] < 0 THEN CountD ← CountD + 1 TotalD ← TotalD + BusD[Days] ENDIF IF BusE[Days] < 0 THEN CountE ← CountE + 1 TotalE ← TotalE + BusE[Days] ENDIF IF BusF[Days] < 0 THEN CountF ← CountF + 1 TotalF ← TotalF + BusF[Days] ENDIF NEXT PRINT "The number of late days for each bus route are: Bus A "CountA", Bus B "CountB", Bus C "CountC", Bus D ", CountD", Bus E ", CountE", Bus F "CountF PRINT "The average number of minutes late for each route are: Bus A "TotalA/20", Bus B "TotalB/20", Bus C "TotalC/20", Bus D ", TotalD/20", Bus E ", TotalE/20", Bus F "TotalF/20 </pre>	

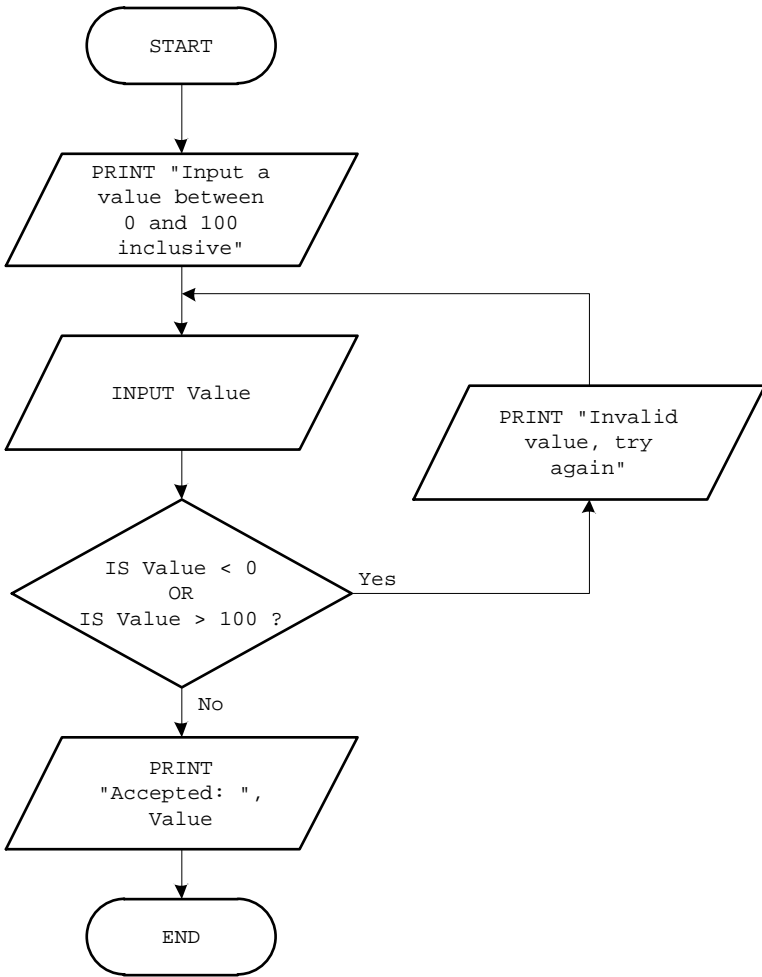
Question	Answer	Marks
1(c)	<p>Explanation of how the candidate's program performed the following:</p> <p>Three from:</p> <p>MP1 The input stored as a variable</p> <p>MP2 The method used to find the position of the day in the Day array that matches the input</p> <p>MP3 The array index is stored as a variable</p> <p>MP4 The index variable used as the array index for each bus array</p> <p>MP5 ...and the contents of each array stored/output.</p>	3
1(d)	<p>Two from:</p> <p>MP1 Add a user input and prompt to enter the number of weeks required to record data on arrival times</p> <p>MP2 Store the user input for number of weeks as a variable</p> <p>MP3 Calculation to change number of weeks to number of days</p> <p>MP4 Replace the upper limit of the loop with a variable</p> <p>MP5 Increase the maximum size of the arrays to accommodate a higher number of weeks</p>	2

Question	Answer	Marks
2	<p>Many possible answers, those given are examples only. 1 mark for each correct description and 1 mark for each correct example</p> <p>Char Description: A single character (from the keyboard) Example: A / # / 2</p> <p>String Description: An (ordered) sequence of characters Example: Hello world / #123?Y / 234 78963</p> <p>Boolean Description: A data type with two possible values Example: TRUE / FALSE</p>	6

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	<p>Many possible answers, those given are examples only. 1 mark per bullet:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IF • Condition and outcome <p>Example answer: IF X < 0 THEN PRINT "Negative" ELSE PRINT "Not negative" ENDIF</p> <p>OR</p> <p>1 mark per bullet:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CASE • Condition and outcome <p>Example answer: CASE X OF 1: PRINT ("ONE") 2: PRINT ("TWO") OTHERWISE PRINT ("Less than ONE or more than TWO") ENDCASE</p>	2
3(b)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To allow different routes through a program • dependent on meeting certain criteria 	2

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	Range check	1
4(b)	<p>Two from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The entered number (Value) is being checked to see that it is not < 0 or not > 100 • If it is, it is rejected and the user has to enter another number / an error message is displayed • Otherwise the number is accepted, the word 'Accepted' is output along with the Value 	2

Question	Answer		Marks
4(c)	Value	OUTPUT	3
		Input a value between 0 and 100 inclusive	
	200	Invalid value, try again	
	300	Invalid value, try again	
	-1	Invalid value, try again	
	50	Accepted: 50	
1 mark – Value column 1 mark – OUTPUT column first line 1 mark – OUTPUT column lines two to five			

Question	Answer	Marks
4(d)	 <pre> graph TD Start([START]) --> Print1[/PRINT "Input a value between 0 and 100 inclusive"/] Print1 --> Input[/INPUT Value/] Input --> Decision{IS Value < 0 OR IS Value > 100 ?} Decision -- Yes --> Print2[/PRINT "Invalid value, try again"/] Print2 --> Input Decision -- No --> Print3[/PRINT "Accepted: ", Value/] Print3 --> End([END]) </pre> <p>1 mark – Input prompt and input value 1 mark – Correct decision box labelled sufficiently (Yes/No) – allow 2 decision boxes 1 mark – Remaining outputs correct 1 mark – All connecting lines and arrows to be complete and correct 1 mark – Standard flowchart symbols used</p>	5

Question	Answer	Marks																																										
5(a)	Each data value is unique	1																																										
5(b)	10 records	1																																										
5(c)	Bev07 Lemonade Bev01 Cola 1 mark for each correct content 1 mark for each correct format 1 mark for correct order	3																																										
5(d)	<table border="1" data-bbox="448 613 1324 1025"> <tr> <td data-bbox="331 613 448 680">Field:</td> <td data-bbox="448 613 660 680">BevNo</td> <td data-bbox="660 613 888 680">BevName</td> <td data-bbox="888 613 1099 680">Calories</td> <td data-bbox="1099 613 1171 680"></td> <td data-bbox="1171 613 1244 680"></td> <td data-bbox="1244 613 1324 680"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="331 680 448 748">Table:</td> <td data-bbox="448 680 660 748">BEVERAGES</td> <td data-bbox="660 680 888 748">BEVERAGES</td> <td data-bbox="888 680 1099 748">BEVERAGES</td> <td data-bbox="1099 680 1171 748"></td> <td data-bbox="1171 680 1244 748"></td> <td data-bbox="1244 680 1324 748"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="331 748 448 815">Sort:</td> <td data-bbox="448 748 660 815"></td> <td data-bbox="660 748 888 815">Ascending</td> <td data-bbox="888 748 1099 815"></td> <td data-bbox="1099 748 1171 815"></td> <td data-bbox="1171 748 1244 815"></td> <td data-bbox="1244 748 1324 815"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="331 815 448 896">Show:</td> <td data-bbox="448 815 660 896"><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td data-bbox="660 815 888 896"><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td data-bbox="888 815 1099 896"><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td data-bbox="1099 815 1171 896"><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td data-bbox="1171 815 1244 896"><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td data-bbox="1244 815 1324 896"><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="331 896 448 963">Criteria:</td> <td data-bbox="448 896 660 963"></td> <td data-bbox="660 896 888 963"></td> <td data-bbox="888 896 1099 963">>45</td> <td data-bbox="1099 896 1171 963"></td> <td data-bbox="1171 896 1244 963"></td> <td data-bbox="1244 896 1324 963"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="331 963 448 1025">or:</td> <td data-bbox="448 963 660 1025"></td> <td data-bbox="660 963 888 1025"></td> <td data-bbox="888 963 1099 1025"></td> <td data-bbox="1099 963 1171 1025"></td> <td data-bbox="1171 963 1244 1025"></td> <td data-bbox="1244 963 1324 1025"></td> </tr> </table> <p data-bbox="316 1061 724 1191"> 1 mark for correct Field row 1 mark for Table and Sort rows 1 mark for correct Show row 1 mark for correct Criteria rows </p>	Field:	BevNo	BevName	Calories				Table:	BEVERAGES	BEVERAGES	BEVERAGES				Sort:		Ascending					Show:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Criteria:			>45				or:							4
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